# RECLAMATION Managing Water in the West

**Advanced Water Treatment Prize Competitions** 

Turning Desalination Innovation into a Global Sporting Event

Research and Development Office
Science and Technology Program
Chuck Hennig (chennig@usbr.gov)
Yuliana Porras (yporrasmendoza@usbr.gov)



U.S. Department of the Interior Bureau of Reclamation

## Prize Competitions is a Tool That Enables Joy's Law

### Joy's Law:

"No Matter who you are, most of the smartest people work for someone else"

"It is better to create an ecosystem that gets all the world's smartest people toiling in your garden for your goals"

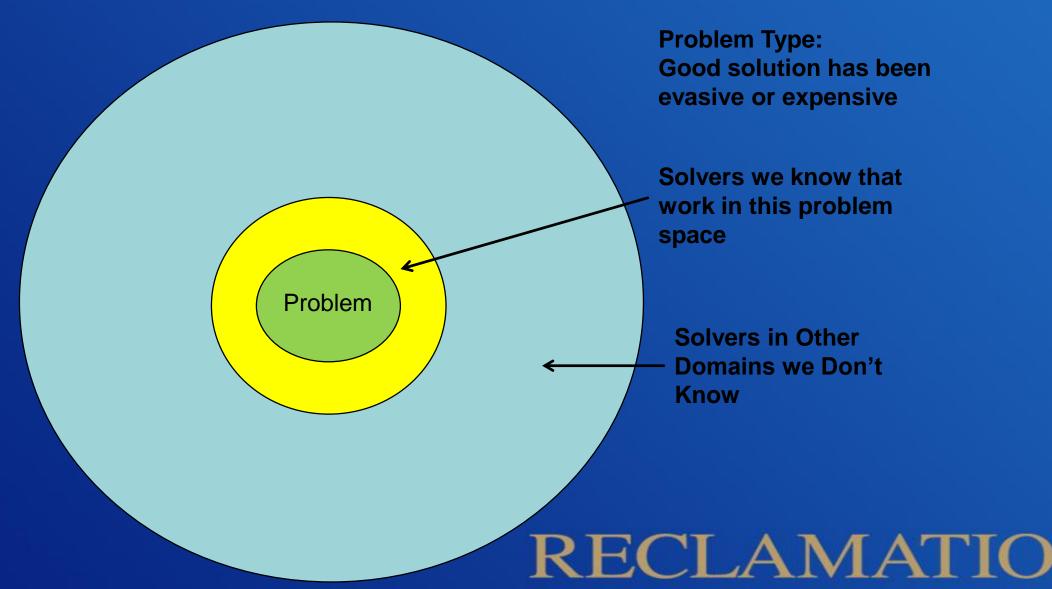
Bill Joy, Sun Microsystems co-founder

## How does a prize competition (aka challenge) work?

## Got a problem?

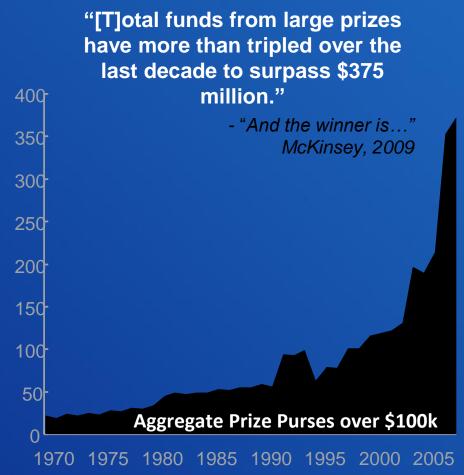
- Tell the world about it and the what a winning solution would have to do,
- Challenge anybody in the world to bring you that winning solution,
- Add a monetary and/or non-monetary prize to incentivize the competition,
- Launch the competition, see what you get and make awards accordingly.

## Prize Competition Objective and Target Audience



## **Prize Competitions Not New in the Private Sector**





## RECLAMATION

## A Sampling of Private Sector Prize Competition Platforms and Service Providers















## **Water Prize Competition Center**

Share your expertise and ideas!

You can help solve some of the most critical water and water-related resource problems facing our Nation!

**Water Availability** 



**Ecosystem Restoration** 



Infrastructure Sustainability



Learn more at <a href="https://www.usbr.gov/research/challenges">www.usbr.gov/research/challenges</a>

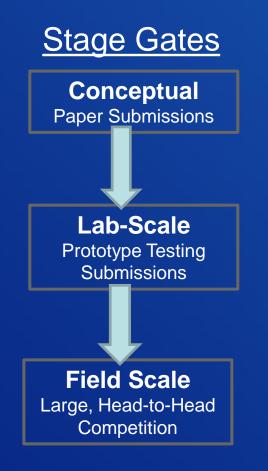
Authorized by the America COMPETES Act of 2010 (15 USC 3719)

See White House Blog about the Water Prize Competition Center

yporrasmendoza@usbr.gov

## Advanced Water Treatment Grand Challenge Framework

Starting Late 2016 - Turning Desal Innovation into a Global Sporting Event



## Prize Purse





Sponsored by Bureau of Reclamation



### Winners







### Help us Blast through Cost and Energy Barriers

Partners can Contribute...

- Prize Purse Money
- Technical Experts
- Judges
- Testing Facilities
- Promoting the Competition to Public and Solver Communities
- Commercialize Winning Solutions
- Prize Competition Administration

See Partnership Sources Sought Notice

#### Follow us at

https://www.challenge.gov/agency/department-of-the-interior/bureau-of-reclamation/

Learn more at <a href="https://www.usbr.gov/research/challenges">www.usbr.gov/research/challenges</a>



## Advanced Water Treatment Grand Challenge Framework

Turning Desal Innovation into a Global Sporting Event
Blast through Cost and Energy Barriers with Prize Competitions

#### **Process Improvements and Optimization**

## Conceptual Novel Processes

New ideas for water treatment processes to reduce cost and energy consumption

Lab Scale Test Novel Processes Conceptual Renewable Energy-Powered Systems

Direct couple of renewable energy and water treatment

Lab Scale Test
Renewable Energy-Powered
Systems

#### Field-Based Competition

Large, grand scale, culminating event showcasing technologies based on results and advancements made in the previous stage-gates.

## Advanced Water Treatment Grand Challenge Framework

Turning Desal Innovation into a Global Sporting Event
Blast through Cost and Energy Barriers with Prize Competitions

### **Concentrate Management**

## Conceptual Volume Minimization

Solutions to reduce the volume of concentrate generated

Lab-Scale Test
Volume Minimization

#### Conceptual Beneficial Reuse

Ideas for beneficial uses of concentrate to reduce the need for disposal or treatment

Lab-Scale Test Beneficial Reuse

#### Field-Based Competition

Large, grand scale, culminating event showcasing technologies based on results and advancements made in the previous stage-gates.



## More Water, Less Concentrate: Grand Challenge – Stage 1



#### More Water - Less Concentrate: Grand Challenge Stage 1

When: Planned launch Fall 2016

Problem Statement: As the demand for fresh water increases, the need to develop new water supplies from nonrelational water nonrose, such as saline (brackish) groundwater and surface water using desalination technologies continue to grew. Nation-wide, desalination can help meet the increasing demand for fresh water, deserting water supply portfolios, and improve water supply reliability, particularly in areas affected by climate change, population growth and drought.

The by-product from commonly employed deadlastics technologies, such as reverse cenoes, is a highly salite waste stream, termed 'concentrate.' To consult area, three concentrates can be returned to the coast. However, in inlead area, the high cost and complexity associated with the management of concentrate, through disposal or volume minimization, is one of the major factor intering more velocityed use of deadlaring, in

The most commonly employed concentrate management methods are disposal to the local some systems discharge to entire water concern, and disposal in everyonation pends or deep well injection. Surface and sever discharge atternatives are unsurationable because they result in high salt leading to think, surface water sources. Most utilities using surface discharge are operating under temporary permits and note to find as alternative solution for long term use. Everyonation pends and deep well injection are confly and have potentially adverses environmental impact. Technologies that reduce or eliminate concentrate liquid volumes are energy intensive, contributed of the confliction with alternative such as method including and deep-well higherton.

Brief description of the petential impact from a successful solution to this problem: The number of municipalities using reverse contains continue to increase to ment more stringent water quality requirements and to provide additional vaster capacity. Solutions developed Brough price competition in concentrate management will help to enable these municipalities in providing one efficiety, high quality dricking water to their customers while meeting permitting and requirery requirements in an environment sound and naturalization names.

Prize Competition Scope: This is a Grand Challenge envisioned to consist of 3 main stages. The decision to proceed to Stage 2 will depend on the results of Stage 1 and other considerations.

Stage 1 is a requires a conceptual white paper submittal with a total prize purse of \$150,000.

Stage 2 is savisioned as a subsequent Reduction-to-Practice (RTF) Challenge to demonstrate proof-of-concept

data at the bench scale with a total prize purse of at least \$450,000.

Stage 3 is envisioned as a Reduction-to-Practice demonstration at full-scale in a field-test setting with a total prize

purse of at least \$500,000

Reclaration also pleas to invite industry, non-profit organizations, and venture capital representatives to participate as partners and/or, official judges of this competition and seek potential business deals with completion participants.

Learn more about the Water Prize Competition Center at: usbr.gov/research/challenges

Follow Reclamation competitions at: <a href="https://www.challenga.gov/apency/department-of-the-interior/areas-of-uclamation/">https://www.challenga.gov/apency/department-of-the-interior/areas-of-uclamation/</a>

August 29, 2016

usbr.gov/research/challenges/index.html

## Questions?

Chuck Hennig
Deputy Chief, Research and Development
Bureau of Reclamation
303.445.2134
<a href="mailto:chennig@usbr.gov">chennig@usbr.gov</a>